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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/808,160	03/23/2004	Laurent Vandroux	A8815/T54400	4812
7590 01/03/2005			EXAMINER	
Patent Counsel, M/S 2061			LEE, CALVIN	
APPLIED MATERIALS, INC. Legal Affairs Department			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
P.O. Box 450A Santa Clara, CA 95052			2825	
			DATE MAILED: 01/03/200	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		A	
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	7
	10/808,160	VANDROUX et al.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Lee, Calvin	2825	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repleted in the provided of the provided and the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a ply within the statutory minimum of th d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC te. cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u></u> .		
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Thi	is action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allows	ance except for formal ma	tters, prosecution as to the merits is	
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) is/are pending in the applicati	ion.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11 and 13-20</u> is/are rejected.			
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>12,21 and 22</u> is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.		
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 23 March 2004 is/are:	a)⊠ accepted or b)□ ot	pjected to by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abeya	ince. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	•	-, ,	
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	Examiner. Note the attache	ed Office Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document copies of the certified copies of the priority document copies of the certified copies of the priority document copies of the certified copies of the priority document copies of the certified copies of the priority document copies of the certified copies of the priority document copies of the certified copies of the priority document copies of the certified copies of the priority document copies of the certified copies of the priority document copies of the certified copies of the priority document copies of the certified copies of the priority document copies of	nts have been received. nts have been received in A	Application No	
application from the International Burea	au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	t of the certified copies no	t received.	
Attachment/c)			
Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview	Summary (PTO-413)	
2) Dotice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No	(s)/Mail Date	
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	5)	Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 102

- 1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office Action:
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

 Note: This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a)
- 2. Claims 1-8, and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Rogers, Jr. et al (US 4,590,091).

Rogers, Jr. et al disclose a method of forming an oxide layer over a germanium substrate:
-providing a first plasma to a process chamber to react with GeO₂ in a germanium substrate (to reduce the oxide contamination) [col. 10, ln.31], wherein the first plasma uses a treatment gas containing nitrogen and hydrogen-containing gas "comprising a mixture of H₂/N₂"
-thereafter, generating a second plasma from a protective-layer gas that comprises a flow of silane and nitrous oxide [col. 9, ln.31] and providing the second plasma to the process chamber to deposit a protective SiO₂ layer over the germanium substrate

In re claim 4, Rogers, Jr. et al further discloses heating the germanium substrate to a temperature less than about 550°C [col. 4, ln.48].

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office Action:
- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Rogers*, *Jr. et al*, as applied to claim 1, in view of *Yim et al (US 2003/0139035)*.

Rogers, Jr. et al suggests the hydrogen-containing gas comprising hydrogen but not ammonia. Yim et al discloses, "the pre-treatment with a hydrogen plasma may remove metal oxides, such as copper oxide, from the substrate surface. It was found that substrates including

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copper and pre-treated with a hydrogen plasma had a higher reflectivity than substrates including copper and pre-treated with an ammonia plasma" [¶ 0027].

It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the specific art to have modified the hydrogen-containing gas of *Rogers*, *Jr. et al* by utilizing ammonia treatment for the purpose of obtaining a treated substrate with a lower reflectivity.

- 4. Claims 11 and 13-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rogers, Jr. et al in view of Lin (US 2004/0241341).
- a) Rogers, Jr. et al suggests the protective layer of silicon dioxide but not an amorphous-silicon layer. Lin suggests forming an amorphous-silicon layer over a substrate.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have modified the protective layer of *Rogers*, *Jr. et al* by utilizing an amorphous-silicon as a protective layer because amorphous-silicon is easily formed and would be expected to equivalently provide protection as any other of the disclosed protective material. Furthermore, it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 SUPQ 416.

- b) Rogers, Jr. et al also does not disclose depositing an oxide layer over the protective amorphous-silicon layer. Lin discloses performing an oxygen-containing plasma treatment on the amorphous-silicon layer to transform a portion of the amorphous-silicon layer to a superficial oxide layer [¶ 0013]. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have modified the protective layer of Rogers, Jr. et al by utilizing/forming an oxide layer over the protective amorphous-silicon layer for the purpose of fulfilling a need of the underlying amorphous silicon layer [see ¶ 0005 in Lin].
- c) In re claim 18, Rogers, Jr. et al discloses "higher temperatures may be advantageous in order to enhance the rate of the native oxide reduction reaction" [col. 4, ln.48] and suggests "the substrate was heated to 150C" [col. 5, ln.42], but does not suggest explicitly heating the germanium substrate to a temperature between 350 and 550 C.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to have modified the treatment of *Rogers, Jr. et al* by utilizing the claimed temperatures because one would either adjust the plasma pressure or raise the plasma RF power to result in the most effective plasma treatment.

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Allowable Subject Matter

5. Claims 12 and 21-22 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims because none of the cited arts teaches or suggests the second plasma performed without or with terminating the first plasma.

Contact Information

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication from the Examiner should be directed to Calvin Lee at (571) 272-1896, Monday to Thursday, from 7 to 5 (ET). If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, Art Unit 2825's Supervisory Patent Examiner Matthew Smith whose telephone number is (571) 272-1907.

Any inquiry relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0596. The central fax number is (703) 872-9306 for all communications to be entered (e.g., amendments, remarks, IDS, etc.)

December 23, 2004

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